AO 106 (Rev. 04/10) Application for a Search Warrant

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	for the		AUG 25 2017
	Western District of W	ashington	CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA BY DEP
In the Matter of the Search (Briefly describe the property to be s or identify the person by name and a	)	Case No.	J17-5137
iPhone Cellular Phone with Telephone Number 360-59			
Al	PPLICATION FOR A SEA	ARCH WARRANT	
I, a federal law enforcement of penalty of perjury that I have reason to property to be searched and give its location? See Attachment A, which is attached	o believe that on the following	ng person or property	
located in the Western person or describe the property to be seized):			re is now concealed (identify the
See Attachment B, which is attached	d hereto and incorporated he	erein by this reference	J.
The basis for the search under evidence of a crime;	r Fed. R. Crim. P. 41(c) is (c	heck one or more):	
contraband, fruits of	crime, or other items illegall	y possessed;	
property designed for	use, intended for use, or us	ed in committing a cri	.me;
☐ a person to be arreste	d or a person who is unlawf	ully restrained.	
The search is related to a viol	ation of:		
Code Section 21 U.S.C. 841 and 846 18 U.S.C. 1343 and 1346 18 U.S.C. 242	Drug Trafficking Honest Services Fraud Deprivation of Civil Rights	Offense Description	on
The application is based on the	ese facts:		
See attached Affidavit			
Continued on the attached	sheet.		
	days (give exact ending date		

Applicant's signature

Special Agent Richard C. Schroff

Printed name and title

Sworn to before me and signed in my presence.

Date:

08/25/2017

City and state: TACOMA, WASHINGTON

Judge's signature

HON. David. W. Christel, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Printed name and title

# 1 AFFIDAVIT OF SPECIAL AGENT RICHARD C. SCHROFF 2 3 STATE OF WASHINGTON SS 4 COUNTY OF PIERCE 5 6 I, Richard C. Schroff, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and say: 7 INTRODUCTION

- I am a Special Agent (SA) with the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and have been employed as a criminal investigator with the FBI since July of 2014. I am a graduate of the FBI Academy in Quantico, Virginia and have attended various other trainings such as the U.S. Department of Justice, Asset Forfeiture/Money Laundering Section's Basic Financial Investigation Seminar and a seminar on public corruption lead by the FBI's Public Corruption Unit. The FBI is responsible for enforcing federal criminal statutes of the United States. While employed by the FBI, I have investigated violent crime, cases of child exploitation, violations involving controlled substances, and other criminal matters which can generally be referred to as white collar crime. I have gained experience through training and everyday work relating to conducting these types of investigations. As a case agent, I have been assigned to lead an Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force (OCDETF) focused on a cartel affiliated drug trafficking organization and have also investigated individual drug dealers responsible for distributing various controlled substances in Indian Country. I am currently assigned to investigate matters involving public corruption. As a federal law enforcement officer engaged in enforcing the criminal laws of the United States, I am authorized by the Attorney General to request search warrants.
- 2. The FBI is conducting an investigation concerning Charles Andrew STOCKER, a Corrections Officer formerly employed with the City of Aberdeen, Washington. As part of the initial investigation, STOCKER was charged by complaint on February 22, 2017 with two counts of Aiding and Abetting Drug Trafficking in

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violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2 and two counts of Misprision of Felony in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 4 for providing information pertaining to law enforcement operations to those involved in drug trafficking and failing to report that drug trafficking to the appropriate authorities. He was subsequently indicted on March 15, 2017 on all four counts. In connection with this portion of the investigation, the FBI obtained a search warrant that authorized the seizure and search of STOCKER's mobile telephone, which is an iPhone, for evidence of any communication STOCKER may have had with those involved in drug trafficking, as more fully described in attachment B and below. As set forth more fully below, at the time the prior search warrant was authorized, the FBI did not possess the technology to unlock STOCKER's locked telephone. The FBI now possesses the technology to unlock the phone. Therefore, I am requesting that the Court issue another search warrant to search the phone for evidence sought pursuant the previously issued warrant.

- 3. In addition, the FBI's continuing investigation has developed information that while employed as a corrections officer, STOCKER engaged in sexual contact with various female prisoners that were under his direct supervision. In exchange for the sexual contact, it appears that STOCKER gave these female prisoners benefits such as:

  (1) providing coffee, ice cream, fast food, and non-prescription medications; (2) releasing prisoners from jail early or releasing them on a furlough; and (3) not reporting to the Washington Department of Corrections (DOC) that a prisoner was in custody while there was a DOC warrant for her arrest.
- 4. The facts set forth in this Affidavit are based on my own personal knowledge; knowledge obtained from other individuals during my participation in this investigation, including other law enforcement officers; interviews of witnesses; my review of records related to this investigation; communications with others who have knowledge of the events and circumstances described herein; and information gained through my training and experience. Because this Affidavit is submitted for the limited purpose of establishing probable cause in support of the application for a search warrant,

it does not set forth each and every fact that I or others have learned during the course of this investigation. I have set forth only the facts that I believe are relevant to the determination of probable cause to believe STOCKER has committed the crimes of Drug Trafficking in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 846; Honest Services Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 and 1346; and Deprivation of Civil Rights, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 242, and that evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of those offenses will be found stored on the STOCKER'S iPhone, which was assigned the phone number 360-591-1088 at the time of its seizure, (hereinafter the "SUBJECT DEVICE"). The SUBJECT DEVICE has been in FBI secure evidence storage located in Seattle, Washington since its seizure on July 20, 2016 pursuant to a warrant issued by the Honorable J. Richard Creatura.

5. Given the technological difficulties in unlocking the password-protected iPhone, the FBI was unable to search the seized SUBJECT DEVICE at that time for evidence sought by the warrant previously issued by Magistrate Judge Creatura. As set forth more fully below, the FBI now has the technological capabilities to search the SUBJECT DEVICE for relevant evidence. However, since a significant period has passed since the SUBJECT DEVICE was seized, I am requesting a new search warrant to search for the evidence listed in Attachment B to the warrant issued by Magistrate Judge Creatura (the "Drug Trafficking Evidence"). In addition, further investigation has revealed that probable cause exists to believe that STOCKER committed the crimes of Honest Services Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 and 1346, and Civil Rights offenses, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 242, involving exchanging benefits with an inmate for sexual favors, and that evidence of such misconduct is on the SUBJECT DEVICE.

## **BACKGROUND**

6. On June 20, 2016, the FBI seized the SUBJECT DEVICE pursuant to a search warrant issued by Magistrate Judge Creatura. A copy of that warrant, along with AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD C. SCHROFF - 3

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the affidavit submitted in support of its application, is attached to this affidavit and application for a search warrant as Exhibit 1, and incorporated herein.

7. After seizing the SUBJECT DEVICE, FBI Agents sought to search it for

- evidence of violations of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 846 pursuant to Attachment B of the previously issued warrant. See Exhibit 1, Attachment B. However, FBI Agents were unable to search SUBJECT DEVICE because they did not have the password required to login to the SUBJECT DEVICE and, at the time, did not have other technological means to gain access to the SUBJECT DEVICE. Since its seizure, the SUBJECT DEVICE has been powered off and in airplane mode while stored in the FBI's secure evidence storage facility in Seattle, Washington. As a result, it is not possible for anyone to have accessed or changed its contents remotely and therefore the contents of the SUBJECT DEVICE will be as they were at the time of seizure. As a further result of how it has been stored, the SUBJECT DEVICE will not have undergone periodic software updates, which means it will be running the same type and version of the operating system as it was at the time of seizure.
- 8. In May 2017, I consulted with experts at the FBI's Operational Technology Division, which oversees various programs involving the exploitation of digital devices such as SUBJECT DEVICE. I was made aware that the FBI was in the process of obtaining new software which would allow access to devices of the same make and model as SUBJECT DEVICE which are running the same version of the operating system which SUBJECT DEVICE is likely to be running, based off of when it was seized and placed into airplane mode. It is likely that this new software will allow Agents to access SUBJECT DEVICE in order to search it for the items described in Attachment B of this affidavit, which includes: (1) the evidence sought by the previous search warrant; and (2) evidence relating to additional crimes the FBI has continued to investigate after the seizure of the SUBJECT DEVICE.

### **LEGAL PROVISIONS**

- 9. Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 1346 make it a crime for a public official to devise a scheme or artifice to deprive the public of its intangible right of honest services by engaging in bribery and kickback schemes. The elements of honest services fraud are:
- à. First, the defendant devised or participated in a scheme to defraud the public of his or her honest services through bribery or in exchange for kickbacks;
  - b. Second, the defendant owed a fiduciary duty to the defrauded public;
  - c. Third, the defendant acted knowingly and with an intent to defraud;
- d. Fourth, the defendant made a material misrepresentation or concealment of fact in furtherance of the scheme to defraud;
- e. Fifth, the defendant transmitted or caused to be transmitted, any writing signal, or sound by means of a wire communication in interstate commerce that advanced the scheme.

A public official, like STOCKER, is "guilty of honest-services fraud if he accepts something of value in exchange for an official act." *United States v. Renzi*, 769 F.3d 731, 744. The Supreme Court has specifically stated that the honest-services fraud statute "draws content ... from" the federal bribery statute, *United States v. Skilling*, 561 U.S. 358, 412-13 (2010), which describes bribery as involving "anything of value." 18 U.S.C. § 201(b)(1). In the Ninth Circuit, the "'thing of value' is defined broadly to include 'the value which the defendant subjectively attaches to the items received.'" *Renzi*, 769 F.3d at 744 (quoting *United States v. Gorman*, 807 F.2d 1299, 1305 (6th Cir. 1986). The Second Circuit has stated "sexual intercourse, or the promise of sexual intercourse, is a thing of value under a bribery statute." *United States v. Girard*, 601 F.2d 69, 71 (2nd Cir. 1979). Furthermore, the Fifth Circuit has expressly held that "furnishing sexual services provides a 'thing of value' sufficient to constitute bribery" for purposes of the honest services fraud statute. *United States v. Barraza*, 655 F.3d 375, 383-84 (5th Cir. 2011).

- 10. Title 18, United States Code, Section 242, prohibits individuals, acting under the color of law from depriving others of rights secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States. The elements of 18 U.S.C. § 242 are:
- a. First, the defendant was acting under color of law when he committed the alleged acts;
- b. Second, the defendant deprived an individual of a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States;
- c. Third, the defendant acted willfully, that is the defendant acted with a bad purpose, intending to deprive the individual of the right.

"Sexual harassment or abuse of an inmate by a corrections officer is a violation of the Eighth Amendment." *Wood v. Beauclair*, 692 F.3d 1041, 1049 (9th Cir. 2012) (citing *Schwenk v. Hartford*, 204 F.3d 1187, 1197 (9th Cir. 2000)). *See also Schwenk*, 204 F.3d at 1197 (stating that "[i]n the simplest and most absolute of terms, the Eighth Amendment right of prisoners to be free from sexual abuse [is] unquestionably clearly established ... and no reasonable prison guard could possibly [believe] otherwise"). In the Ninth Circuit, consensual sexual contact between inmates and guards likely is not sexual abuse under the Eighth Amendment. However, if the sexual contact is coercive, it may rise to a violation of the Eighth Amendment. *Wood*, 692 F.3d at 1048-49. In *Wood*, the Ninth Circuit held that "explicit assertions or manifestations of non-consent indicate coercion, *but so too may favors, privileges, or any type of exchange for sex.*" *Id.*, at 1049 (emphasis added).

In addition, a prison guard may violate an inmate's Eighth Amendment rights by acting with deliberate indifference in withholding adequate medical care to address the inmate's serious medical needs. *Wilson v. Seiter*, 501 U.S. 294, 303 (1991); *Hudson v. McMillian*, 502 U.S. 1, 9 (1992).

### PROBABLE CAUSE

11. As noted above, the FBI was previously unable to search the SUBJECT

DEVICE because it was password protected and the FBI lacked the technological means to unlock the SUBJECT DEVICE to execute the search warrant. As the FBI now has that AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD C. SCHROFF - 6

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ability, I am requesting that the Court issue another search warrant based upon the previous probable cause as described in Exhibit 1.

- 12. In addition, in my continuing investigation, I learned from witness and victim interviews that STOCKER used or attempted to use the SUBJECT DEVICE to communicate with women that he victimized or attempted to victimize while working as a corrections officer at the Aberdeen City Jail (ACJ). Witnesses also told me that STOCKER used the SUBJECT DEVICE to document, by photographing and/or video recording, his actions inside ACJ that may be abusive or exploitative behavior towards inmates. A witness also indicated that STOCKER may have used the device to document by photographing and/or video recording an encounter with a female who was a potential victim.
- 13. On July 20, 2016, during an FBI led operation that included the execution of the search warrant that led to the seizure of SUBJECT DEVICE, I interviewed STOCKER. Among other things, STOCKER told me and other law enforcement officers the following:
  - He had the same phone number for 20-25 years and that number is posted on his Facebook page.
  - In the past, he has had criminals call him, though he claimed to have never given any inmates his personal phone number which was associated with SUBJECT DEVICE at time of seizure.
  - He never talked to any former female inmate on the phone with the exception of one, whom he named and said he spoke with three years ago.
  - A female inmate, hereinafter referred to as Victim 1, called STOCKER at jail one time when he was working but never called aside from that occasion.
  - He never had a romantic relationship with female prisoners inside or
    outside of jail, though he was accused of having one involving an incident
    in a laundry room, which he said was not true.

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- 14. I interviewed Victim 1 on May 5, 2017, May 10, 2017, and August 17, 2017. Victim 1 is a female who was addicted to heroin and worked as a prostitute in the city of Aberdeen, Washington. She has an extensive criminal history and was booked into ACJ approximately 16 times between 2010 and 2016, a portion of which she was under STOCKER's supervision.
- 15. Victim 1 reported that she first met STOCKER through her boyfriend, who used to work for STOCKER as a porter when he was incarcerated at the Washington Department of Correction's Stafford Creek Correction Center where STOCKER previously worked. STOCKER told Victim 1 that if she ever needed anything, she should come and see him while he was working at ACJ. According to Victim 1, she later needed some money and came to see STOCKER at the ACJ. STOCKER had previously told her which shifts he was working and that when she came to see him she should call the phone outside of the jail and say that she needed to bring a hygiene item to an inmate. Victim 1, who was out of custody at the time, did as directed, and STOCKER then let Victim 1 in through a door of the Aberdeen Police Department (APD). Once she was inside, STOCKER directed Victim 1 to an office within the APD. Victim 1 asked for money, and STOCKER began unbuckling his belt and told her that the money would not be free. Victim 1 understood that this meant STOCKER sought to have a sexual encounter with her. Victim 1 did not want to have a sexual encounter with STOCKER. She came up with an excuse and ran from the jail with STOCKER chasing after her before a friend picked her up. According to Victim 1, she was very scared by this event and believed STOCKER might seek retribution, such as having a warrant entered for her arrest.
- 16. Sometime later, Victim 1 was arrested and began serving time in the ACJ. She was sick because she was experiencing withdrawal from not being able to use heroin. When STOCKER was on shift, Victim 1 approached STOCKER and told him, in sum and substance, that she was ready to do what she had to do, meaning she was ready to provide sexual contact to STOCKER. STOCKER agreed and thus allowed Victim 1 to

serve as a trustee, which meant she would be allowed out of the female jail cells for the purpose of cleaning portions of ACJ and performing other chores at the direction of the corrections officer on duty, and provided other privileges to her. Victim 1 said that she knew STOCKER wanted to have a sexual encounter with her based off her previous experience with him. At some point in time, STOCKER then took Victim 1 to the laundry room in the ACJ where Victim 1 performed oral sex on STOCKER. According to a number of victims and witnesses, Stocker chose the laundry room because it is not covered by video surveillance. After the sexual contact began, STOCKER continued to make Victim 1 a trustee and provided her with Nyquil, coffee, or sugar, though she was unable to remember which item STOCKER provided on this first occasion. Victim 1 said STOCKER had led her to believe that he would get her heroin or a prescription drug used to treat heroin in exchange for sexual favors, though he never actually provided the drugs.

17. Victim 1 said she and STOCKER continued to exchange sexual contact between the approximate dates of 2010 and 2016. She told me that it was never a "titfor-tat" relationship, where she provided a specific sexual service for a specific item or benefit, but rather a general and standing agreement and understanding between them that she would provide sexual services to him and, in exchange, he would provide her with privileges and favors. She estimated that during this time period, she had a sexual encounter with STOCKER 10 to 15 times while a prisoner in ACJ, 10 to 15 times inside of the APD but not while serving a jail sentence at ACJ, and 10 times outside of the ACJ or APD in the shop belonging to STOCKER's side business. All of the sexual encounters included oral sex, with the exception of two, which Victim 1 said included vaginal sex. Victim 1 benefited from this exchange by obtaining fast food, NyQuil, freedom of movement as a trustee, small amounts of money when outside the jail, and on one notable occasion, clean needles in order to inject heroin. Also, Victim 1 has claimed that she benefitted by not having to serve all of her jail time. For example, she said that she knew there were occasions where she had an outstanding warrant from DOC but was not

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 arrested on those warrants. STOCKER told her that he would not call DOC to report that she was in custody. As a result, her supervising DOC officer could not ensure she was taken into custody by DOC, thus allowing her to avoid additional jail time. Victim 1 also said that STOCKER would also release her early from ACJ for good behavior or said he would talk to the Aberdeen City Prosecutor to help with her charges.

- 18. While she benefitted from the sexual encounters, Victim 1 was also afraid of retribution if she did not engage in sexual contact with STOCKER. She explained that STOCKER had seen her use heroin in ACJ and she was afraid he could get her into trouble as a result. Further, she said that STOCKER, while in uniform and driving an APD vehicle, would come and find her while she was out in public and working as a prostitute. He would sometimes ask her if she had a DOC warrant, which she often did, and then ask her to meet him at his shop. She was afraid that if she did not meet him for a sexual encounter at his shop, he would have her arrested on her DOC warrant.
- 19. Victim 1 thought she attempted to communicate with STOCKER via phone several times. She said she used another person's cell phone to call STOCKER at ACJ and she received back-to-back phone calls from a restricted phone number in 2012 that she believed could have been from Stocker. She said Stocker only tried to call her at the very beginning of their sexual interactions. When he called her, the caller ID said "anonymous." She also believed she sent him a message on Facebook but did not think he replied to her. On August 17, 2017, I searched Victim 1's Facebook messages with her consent and was unable to locate any messages sent between STOCKER and Victim 1.
- 20. On August 22, 2016 and again on May 24, 2017, I interviewed Victim 2 whom STOCKER had made sexual advances towards while she was a prisoner at ACJ. Victim 2 made her initial complaint and was interviewed by FBI Special Agent Jeff Stetler on June 28, 2016. Victim 2 served jail time in ACJ in approximately 2014 or 2015 for shoplifting. While in ACJ and under STOCKER's supervision, STOCKER transported Victim 2 to the Aberdeen Municipal Courthouse. While in court, Victim 2

was looking around, and she made eye contact with STOCKER when STOCKER mouthed the words, "when are we going to fuck", and made the motion of thrusting his pelvis towards her. According to Victim 2, during her hearing, the judge told Victim 2 she was to be released at 6 a.m. the next morning. Victim 2 repeatedly asked another ACJ corrections officer to be released early so she could avoid further contact with STOCKER.

- 21. The next day, STOCKER arrived to release Victim 2 from the ACJ. When he walked her out, STOCKER asked Victim 2 what the term "Respect" meant. Victim 2 knew that STOCKER had been through her phone without her permission because Victim 2 had photographs on her phone depicting her nude. Victim 2 has a tattoo of the word "Respect" directly above her vagina. STOCKER then told her something to the effect of, "I want to put my face down there and do it for hours." He also told her that he had done things like this before, but that she was the only decent looking girl coming through the ACJ. He told her that they could go into the laundry room and have sex, and that he had previously brought other women in there. STOCKER told Victim 2 that he wanted her to call him and gave her his phone number. Victim 2 felt that STOCKER was really pressuring her to call him and get together with him for a sexual encounter. Victim 2 reported that after her encounter with STOCKER, she felt violated and disrespected, and suffered anxiety around law enforcement. Across her three interviews, Victim 2 provided a consistent account of what occurred between her and STOCKER.
- 22. On May 31, 2017, I interviewed another female inmate, hereinafter referred to as Victim 3, who STOCKER victimized. Victim 3 also witnessed STOCKER's victimization of another woman who was an inmate under his custody, hereinafter referred to as Victim 4. Victim 3 was a heroin addict and working in the City of Aberdeen, Washington as a prostitute. She was booked into ACJ approximately twenty times between 2010 and 2015 when she was incarcerated by the State of Washington. Victim 3 stated that her victimization included three incidents where STOCKER attempted to have Victim 3 reveal parts of her body to him. In the first incident,

- 23. In the second incident, STOCKER booked Victim 3 into the ACJ. She requested a medium uniform. STOCKER told her she was looking thin and gave her a small uniform. STOCKER then told Victim 3 he needed to see her breasts and if she showed them to him, he would make sure she was released from ACJ after having served only half of the time to which she was sentenced. He also offered her coffee, candy, and other such items. Victim 3 refused these items and served her full four-day sentence. Following her refusal, STOCKER put Victim 3 into an individual cell and withheld food from her, telling her she had no right to eat there, leaving her with only a small cup of water. After two days in a cell by herself, Victim 3 asked another officer to consult the logbook and see why she was in an individual cell. The officer told her it was marked down that she was uncooperative during booking and then moved her to the communal women's cell.
- 24. During the third incident, STOCKER pressed his body closely against the backside of Victim 3's body while fingerprinting her. She said that she had often been fingerprinted, but had never been fingerprinted like that, in ACJ or any other facility, and felt uncomfortable with the way STOCKER touched her.
- 25. During the interview, Victim 3 told me that she knew Victim 1, and she and Victim 1 had twice been prisoners together inside ACJ, though never when STOCKER was working. Victim 1 had told Victim 3 she was having a sexual relationship with STOCKER. Victim 3 also knew of Victim 4 and had personal knowledge her and STOCKER having a sexual relationship. During either 2009 or 2010, but possibly later,

Victim 3 and Victim 4 were booked into ACJ together when STOCKER was working as the corrections officer on duty. She said that Victim 4 had previously told her that she was in a sexual relationship with STOCKER and seeing them together in person it did indeed appear that they were in a relationship together as they were flirtatious. On this occasion, STOCKER selected Victim 4 to be trustee for the day and removed her from the communal women's cell. Victim 3 later observed the door to the laundry room closed and heard giggling noises coming from inside. Stocker then exited the laundry room and locked the inner door to the women's cell, making it so that Victim 3 could no longer see the door or hear the giggling noises. Approximately twenty minutes later, Victim 4 returned to the women's cell. She told Victim 3 that she just had sex with STOCKER and used a rubber glove as a condom. Shortly afterwards, STOCKER brought all the women Baskin Robbins ice cream. Victim 3 said that Victim 4 was able to get whatever she wanted while in jail, including ice cream, heroin, and needles. Outside of jail, Victim 3 said that Victim 4 and STOCKER's relationship was ongoing. She was present when Victim 4 used a prepaid cellphone to call STOCKER and was told by Victim 4 that she was calling STOCKER. On another occasion, Victim 4 took Victim 3 to a park. There she met STOCKER inside an SUV. Victim 3 never saw STOCKER but Victim 4 said she had met with STOCKER. Victim 4 returned with \$800 or \$900, which Victim 3 thought was paid to Victim 4 to not tell anyone about her and STOCKER's relationship.

- 26. On August 8, 2017, I interviewed Victim 4. Victim 4 said she did tell Victim 3 about Victim 4's sexual relationship with STOCKER, but that Victim 3 was not present in the jail when it happened. She further denied having brought Victim 3 to any meeting with STOCKER or having received money from STOCKER.
- 27. Victim 4 stated that she had been in ACJ on four occasions when STOCKER was working as a corrections officer and that he made no sexual advances towards her nor did they have any sexual contact. On her fifth time in ACJ when STOCKER was working, she was supposed to serve seven days. During the first few days, she was experiencing withdrawal from her heroin addiction and feeling sick. She

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said that STOCKER provided her with ice cream and pizza, allowed her to take smoke breaks outside of ACJ, and allowed her to work as a trustee. Victim 4 said that she felt like she received privileges that were not afforded to other female inmates. Victim 4 thought that STOCKER was being kind and helping her through withdrawals but also speculated that he may have wanted a sexual relationship with her. On or about the sixth day of her imprisonment, while STOCKER was on duty, Victim 4 was taking a break from doing laundry and smoking a cigarette outside of ACJ. When coming back into the jail, STOCKER caught Victim 4 sneaking a cigarette into the jail and said something to the effect of, "I may have to frisk you," to which Victim 4 said something to the effect of, "you might." STOCKER then followed Victim 4 back to the laundry room, which at the time had no video cameras. Once inside, Victim 4 told me he pulled down Victim 4's pants and began "fingering" her, which I understood to mean he penetrated her vagina with his finger. STOCKER then guided Victim 4's head down to his penis and she performed oral sex on him. STOCKER then reached for a latex glove and suggested that he use it as a condom. Victim 4 instead told him to retrieve a condom from her personal property, which he did. The two then had sex which Victim 4 described as discreet and fast. Following intercourse, STOCKER directed Victim 4 to shower and wash her clothes and his uniform so there would be no DNA.

- 28. Victim 4 said that her having sex with STOCKER was consensual and that he did not force her to do it. She said that it was exciting and like a real life pornography film, and that she hoped to make her boyfriend, who had been unfaithful to her, jealous.
- 29. Victim 4 said that following the above sexual encounter, STOCKER would have her "flash" him by motioning to her to lift up her shirt, which she would then do to display her breasts for him. Victim 4 was transported to Gray's Harbor County Jail following the end of her sentence in ACJ. She said that her only additional encounters with STOCKER were approximately a year and a half following her sexual encounter when she went to court in Aberdeen. She said STOCKER then pinched her buttocks and mouthed to her something about their experience in the laundry room. Victim 4 said that

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STOCKER did give her a ride in his car several times when he saw her out on the street. She said that STOCKER wanted to have a sexual encounter with her when he gave her these rides but that she was either unable or unwilling to. She also reported calling STOCKER twice on the APD jail phone.

- 30. Once she had been transported to Gray's Harbor County Jail following her seven-day imprisonment, Victim 4 told Victim 3 about her sexual encounter with STOCKER. Victim 3 then reported Victim 4's encounter with STOCKER to Gray's Harbor County Jail staff as though she had been present in ACJ and a witness to Victim 4's encounters with STOCKER. According to Victim 4, Victim 3 told the staff because Victim 3 was jealous that Victim 3 did not receive preferential treatment in the ACJ.
- 31. Following Victim 3's reporting of Victim 4's sexual relationship with STOCKER, the Gray's Harbor County Sheriff's Office conducted a criminal investigation. During the investigation, Victim 4 reported to the detective conducting the investigation that she did have a sexual encounter with STOCKER, though STOCKER denied the allegations. Investigators found, and Victim 4 reported during her interview with me, that Victim 3 was not a prisoner in the jail when the sexual encounter between STOCKER and Victim 4 was alleged to have happened. As a result of this, and a lack of other witnesses, no criminal charges were filed against STOCKER.
- 32. Victim 4 also told me that she was friends with Victim 1 and was dating Victim 1's brother. In approximately 2014 and 2015, Victim 4 said that she would be with Victim 1 when Victim 1 would call STOCKER from her cellphone. Victim 1 would then go meet STOCKER in the lobby of ACJ and return with money. Victim 4 did not hear what Victim 1 and STOCKER discussed during the phone calls and did not know what phone numbers STOCKER or Victim 1 used. Victim 4 did say Victim 1 told her that she was engaged in a sexual relationship with STOCKER and would receive money in exchange for those sex acts.
- 33. Victim 1 also told me that she was aware of Victim 4's sexual relationship with STOCKER. Because of their friendship and connection through Victim 1's brother,

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Victim 4 had discussed the sexual encounter she had with STOCKER with Victim 1. Victim 1 stated during interview on August 17, 2017 that STOCKER approached her during the above mentioned investigation into STOCKER and Victim 4's relationship, and asked her and her boyfriend at the time to ensure Victim 4 did not talk to law enforcement or to testify about Victim 4 and his relationship.

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### Witnesses

- 34. On March 30, 2017 and on April 27, 2017, I interviewed a woman (hereinafter, Witness 1) who witnessed STOCKER's relationship with Victim 1. Witness 1 said she was friends with Victim 1. In the course of their friendship, Victim 1 told Witness 1 that she was in a sexual relationship with STOCKER and receiving preferential treatment and benefits, such as reduced jail time, from him in exchange for participation in their sexual relationship. Witness 1 said that at some point in approximately 2012, she smuggled heroin into ACJ. She and the other women in ACJ wanted to inject the heroin instead of inhaling it. Victim 1 said she would ask STOCKER for needles which were typically used to inject insulin. Witness 1 then heard Victim 1 converse with STOCKER about the needles before she returned with them. Victim 1 told Witness 1 that STOCKER had placed the needles in a trashcan and then given the trashcan to Victim 1 so that the women could inject the heroin. This was corroborated by Victim 1 during our interviews.
- 35. Witness 1 said that she knew Victim 1 had communicated on the phone with STOCKER as she had been present when Victim 1 called STOCKER. Witness 1 also knew and was friends with Victim 3. Witness 1 also said Victim 4 told her she had sex with STOCKER in the laundry room in order to be released early from jail.
- 36. On July 28, 2016 and September 19, 2016, I interviewed Aaron Glanz, one of STOCKER's former business partners at Coastal Printworks, concerning STOCKER's business affairs, involvement with individuals engaged in drug trafficking, and his relationships with women whom he had supervised as a corrections officer at the ACJ. Glanz told me STOCKER took videos using his cell phone of inmates in the Aberdeen

City Jail who were having psychological or other disturbed episodes. In these videos, STOCKER would encourage the individual having the episode and record it. STOCKER would then show these videos to friends as a joke. Glanz said he never knew of any videos to contain nudity or sexual acts. Glanz told me during a follow up interview on August 11, 2017 that STOCKER showed him two of the videos, which he had stored on his cell phone that he normally kept with him. The first video shows a man inside the cell, who was "tweaking out", which I understand from my training and experience to mean that he was agitated and acting erratically from having used some type of illegal drug, typically methamphetamine. Glanz could not recall what STOCKER said to the man on the video, but STOCKER spoke to him in a condescending manner in a way that seemed as though STOCKER intended to escalate the situation and "get a rise" out of the man in the cell.

- 37. In the second video, which STOCKER showed Glanz after the above-described video and at some point in approximately late 2015 or early 2016, STOCKER showed similar antagonizing behavior toward a female inmate. The video showed the female inmate sitting alone and on the floor inside of a jail cell. She was "babbling" and sitting beside vomit, which appeared to be her own. Glanz told me that STOCKER said something to the effect of, "you better clean that shit up" to the woman in an antagonizing, facetious manner, as though he was bullying her. It also appeared as though the woman asked STOCKER for something. Glanz could not remember exactly what she asked for, but used as an example that she had asked for some water. STOCKER replied with the same bulling tone something to the effect of, "aww, you want some water?"
- 38. During the investigation, the FBI learned that in 2015, a female inmate sued STOCKER and the City of Aberdeen for civil rights violations. The female inmate alleged that STOCKER failed to provide the woman with adequate medical care. During the investigation, I obtained records relating to the lawsuit from the woman's attorney. Those materials, including still photos of the video recordings, show the woman lying on

a bed in the women's cell with a trail of dark brown vomit extending to the drain in the middle of the cell. Given Glanz's statements, I believe that the video on STOCKER's 2 3 phone may reflect this incident. In fact, Glanz told me that STOCKER insinuated, sometime after having shown Glanz that video, that there was a lawsuit over "the girl that 4 5 had thrown up." 6 39. Glanz also told me about a conversation he had with Jeff Timmons. J. 7 Timmons was STOCKER's friend of and used to work at the Department of Corrections Facility at Stafford Creek with STOCKER. J. Timmons told Glanz of a conversation he 8 9 had with STOCKER following the searches performed by law enforcement at his home 10 and at Coastal Printworks. According to Glanz, STOCKER told J. Timmons he was very 11 worried about what the FBI would find on SUBJECT DEVICE. He told him there was 12 something on his phone that was "not good" and involved a girl who was "bad" and occurred inside Coastal Printworks. STOCKER told J. Timmons the girl had never been 13 14 in jail before. 15 40. 16 17 18

- Steve Timmons, a police officer in the City of Aberdeen and STOCKER's other business partner at Coastal Printworks, knew of a time when STOCKER hired a girl , whom S. Timmons knew to be a prostitute, to clean inside the business. Glanz and S. Timmons speculated that this may be the girl that STOCKER was referring to in his conversation with J. Timmons.
- 41. On September 23, 2016, another Agent and I interviewed J. Timmons. J. Timmons confirmed that STOCKER had told him about being worried about what the FBI would find on SUBJECT DEVICE, as he had something on it involving a girl that was "bad," but whom had never been in jail before. J. Timmons also told me that he knew of Stocker having videos he had made of prisoners who were upset or having a psychiatric episode and shown them to people while at a bar-b-que, though he knew of none which involved sexual conduct.

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### **CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing, I believe there is probable cause that evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of violations of Honest Services Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 and 1346, and Civil Rights offenses, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 242, are located on the SUBJECT DEVICE, as more fully described in Attachment A to this Affidavit. Further, I believe there is probable cause that evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of violations of Conspiracy to Distribute Controlled Substances and Distribution of Controlled Substances, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841 and 846, as further described in Exhibit 1. I therefore request that the Court issue a warrant authorizing a search of the SUBJECT DEVICE for the items more fully described in Attachment B hereto, incorporated herein by reference, and the seizure of any such items found therein.

Dated this 25 day of August, 2017.

Special Agent Richard C. Schroff Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

day of August, 2017.

The Honorable David W. Christel United States Magistrate Judge

# ATTACHMENT A DESCRIPTION OF ITEMS TO BE SEARCHED

 SUBJECT DEVICE: STOCKER'S iPhone which was assigned number 360-591-1088 at the time of its seizure on July 20, 2017 and was taken from the possession of STOCKER. The phone is currently located in an FBI secure evidence storage facility located in Seattle, WA.

# ATTACHMENT B ITEMS TO BE SEIZED

The items to be seized are the following items or materials that may contain evidence of the commission of, the fruits of, or property which has been used as the means of committing federal criminal violations of Conspiracy to Distribute Controlled Substances and Distribution of Controlled Substances, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841 and 846; Honest Services Fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 and 1346; and Deprivation of Civil Rights, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 242:

From 2010 to the present, all data included in the memory of the SUBJECT DEVICE which may tend to show identity, location, purpose, plan or knowledge of any person, organization, or personal association of STOCKER with:

- a. drug trafficking activities,
- b. the exchange of sexual activity for benefits in prison, and/or
- c. the deprivation of an inmate's civil rights within a prison facility

which may include photographs and/or videos; telephone directories, address books, or any other type of communication contact lists; content of e-mails, text messages, voice mail, or any other type of electronic correspondence; and evidence of phone calls, text messages, and any other electronic correspondence such as communications logs which may be stored on the SUBJECT DEVICE.

# EXHIBIT 1

AO 106 (Rev. 04/10) Application for a Search Warrant

UNITED STA	ATES DISTRICT COURT FILED LODGED				
for theRECEIVED					
Western District of Washington JUL 19 2016					
In the Matter of the Search of (Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)	CERVUS DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DESTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACCHA GREATY CASE No.				
Target Telephone 360-591-1088; Any safe at the Su Residence; Any safe located at Coastal Print Work see Attachment A for further details					
APPLICATION	N FOR A SEARCH WARRANT				
I, a federal law enforcement officer or an at penalty of perjury that I have reason to believe that property to be searched and give its location):	ttorney for the government, request a search warrant and state under on the following person or property (identify the person or describe the				
See Attachment A, which is attached hereto and in	ncorporated herein by this reference.				
located in the Western District of	Washington , there is now concealed (identify the				
person or describe the property to be seized);					
See Attachment B-1, which is attached hereto and	I incorporated herein by this reference.				
The basis for the search under Fed. R. Crimer evidence of a crime;	n. P. 41(c) is (check one or more):				
contraband, fruits of crime, or other	ritems illegally possessed:				
	for use, or used in committing a crime;				
a person to be arrested or a person	who is unlawfully resulanted.				
The search is related to a violation of:					
	Offense Description to Distribute Controlled Substances of Controlled Substances				
The application is based on these facts:					
See attached Affidavit					
of our services and a service					
Continued on the attached sheet.	No. 10 and 10 an				
Delayed notice of days (give exumber 18 U.S.C. § 3103a, the basis of w					
	. Applicant's signature				
	SPECIAL AGENT RICHARD C. SCHROFF, FBI				
	Printed name and title				
Sworn to before me and signed in my presence.					
	-117				
Date: 7/17/16	Jacob signature				
City and state: TACOMA, WASHINGTON	HON. J. Richard Creatura, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE  Printed name and title				

# AFFIDAVIT OF SPECIAL AGENT RICHARD C. SCHROFF

STATE OF WASHINGTON	)	
	)	SS
COUNTY OF PIERCE	)	

I, Richard C. Schroff, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and say:

## INTRODUCTION

- 1. I am a Special Agent (SA) with the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and have been employed as a criminal investigator with the FBI since July of 2014. I am a graduate of the FBI Academy in Quantico, Virginia and have attended various other trainings such as the U.S. Department of Justice, Asset Forfeiture/Money Laundering Section's Basic Financial Investigation Seminar. The FBI is responsible for enforcing federal criminal statutes of the United States. While employed by the FBI, I have investigated violent crime, cases of child exploitation, violations involving controlled substances, and other criminal matters which can generally be referred to as white collar crime. I have gained experience through training and everyday work relating to conducting these types of investigations. As a case agent, I have been assigned to lead an Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force (OCDETF) focused on a cartel affiliated drug trafficking organization and have also investigated individual drug dealers responsible for distributing various controlled substances in Indian Country. As a federal law enforcement officer engaged in enforcing the criminal laws of the United States, I am authorized by the Attorney General to request search warrants.
- 2. The FBI is conducting an investigation concerning Charles Andrew STOCKER, a Corrections Officer employed with the City of Aberdeen, Washington. During the course of the investigation, I have learned that Charles STOCKER has formed a relationship with Charles Daniel BOWMAN, a methamphetamine dealer in Aberdeen and Hoquiam, Washington. The investigation has revealed that STOCKER provides

BOWMAN and others with law enforcement information and other support in furtherance of their criminal activity.

- knowledge; knowledge obtained from other individuals during my participation in this investigation, including other law enforcement officers; interviews of witnesses; my review of records related to this investigation; communications with others who have knowledge of the events and circumstances described herein; and information gained through my training and experience. Because this Affidavit is submitted for the limited purpose of establishing probable cause in support of the application for a search warrant, it does not set forth each and every fact that I or others have learned during the course of this investigation. I have set forth only the facts that I believe are relevant to the determination of probable cause to believe STOCKER has committed violations of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) and 846 (Conspiracy to Distribute Controlled Substances) and that evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of that offense will be found in the following:
- a. STOCKER'S cellular telephone which is currently assigned number 360-591-1088 (hereinafter the "Target Telephone"), with service provided by Verizon;
- b. Any safe located at Coastal Print Works, 110 E. Wishkah Street,
   Aberdeen, Washington
- c. Any safe located at STOCKER's residence, at 115 Florence Lane, Cosmopolis, Washington (hereinafter, Subject Residence).

### **SUMMARY OF INVESTIGATION**

- 1. The Gray's Harbor Drug Task Force (the "Task Force") is currently conducting an investigation into drug trafficking in Aberdeen, Washington, by a number of individuals, including Lindsey SPARGO and her boyfriend, Charles aka "Daniel" BOWMAN.
- BOWMAN has seven felony convictions and 13 misdemeanor convictions, all of which were adjudicated in a Washington State or municipal Court. His felony convictions occurred between 1998 and 2012 and include possession of stolen property,

 possession of a controlled substance with no prescription, escape, forgery, burglary, theft, and residential burglary. His misdemeanor convictions include numerous counts of driving with a suspended license, one count of obstructing a law enforcement officer, one count of driving under the influence, and one count of false reporting of an emergency. BOWMAN currently has charges pending against him, with a trial set for October 2016 for unlawful firearm possession, three counts of possession of a controlled substance, and attempt to elude.

- 3. As part of the Gray's Harbor Drug Task Force investigation, Detective Kevin Schrader was told in three separate interviews to be careful about sharing information with law enforcement personnel not involved with the Task Force. Various interviewees informed Detective Schrader that STOCKER was sharing sensitive law enforcement information with certain individuals who were not law enforcement who had no valid purpose for receiving such information. Over time, the Task Force saw several examples of this occur and affect their operations.
- 4. For example, according to the Task Force, an individual who was arrested in the fall of 2015 had agreed to become an informant for the Task Force. Before the informant was able to cooperate proactively, the informant was immediately cut off from his drug supply, believed to be SPARGO, and was unable to purchase drugs from his supplier.
- 5. In March 2016, Detective Schrader was monitoring phone calls made from the Gray's Harbor County Jail to SPARGO as part of the Task Force's investigation. On February 17, 2016, a phone call was made by Josh McMANUS, a prisoner at Gray's Harbor County Jail, to SPARGO's telephone number 360-591-4835. According to Detective Schrader, BOWMAN answered the phone call. In the phone call, BOWMAN told McMANUS that a "mutual friend" from Aberdeen wanted BOWMAN to tell McMANUS that another individual ("Informant A") was planning to do a controlled purchase of drugs from McMANUS. BOWMAN also told McMANUS that the person BOWMAN received the information from is 100 percent reliable. BOWMAN concluded

the call by telling McMANUS that the two could discuss the matter further in person after McMANUS was released from the jail the following day. BOWMAN also gave McMANUS his telephone number – 360-580-0820.

- 6. According to the Task Force, at the time of the call between McMANUS and BOWMAN, the Task Force was indeed planning to use Informant A to purchase drugs from McMANUS. According to Detective Schrader, in January 2016, Informant A called Detective Schrader using the Aberdeen City Jail telephone after being arrested for shoplifting. During the call, STOCKER took the phone from Informant A, and told Detective Schrader that the purpose of the call was not to call Detective Schrader and apologized. Thus, STOCKER knew of Informant A's attempt to contact Detective Schrader.
- 7. In June 2016, Sergeant Joe Strong, the supervisor of the Task Force, and I had the opportunity to interview another informant (Informant B) who was working for the Task Force. Informant B said they were present when McMANUS discussed how STOCKER had told him that Informant A was an informant working for the Task Force and intending to conduct controlled drug purchases from McMANUS. Informant B said McMANUS claimed to have told STOCKER that he would prevent the sale of heroin to STOCKER's son in exchange for STOCKER's assistance and information. Further, Informant B informed me that two individuals sought retribution against Informant A for his affiliation with law enforcement by attempting to run him off the road and physically assaulting him on several occasions.
- 8. On January 30, 2016, Detective Schrader listened to a telephone call from the Aberdeen City Jail from BOWMAN to SPARGO. In the call, BOWMAN discussed missing a court appearance, and asked SPARGO if she had called STOCKER. SPARGO said she had not.
- 9. Detective Schrader reviewed the Gray's Harbor County's listing of employee emergency contact telephone numbers and found that the Target Telephone is listed as STOCKER's emergency contact telephone number.

- 10. During its investigation, the Task Force received telephone toll records for BOWMAN's telephone number between February 9, 2016, and March 10, 2016. The toll records indicate that BOWMAN and the Target Telephone had 31 contacts, including phone calls and text messages, in the one-month period.
- BOWMAN, being informed of STOCKER providing information concerning upcoming law enforcement operations to McMANUS to thwart the Task Force's investigation, and receiving other allegations of misconduct by STOCKER, I opened an investigation concerning STOCKER's misconduct. As part of that investigation and in working with the U.S. Attorney's Office in the Western District of Washington, the U.S. Attorney's Office applied for and received approval from the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Washington (16MJ-115) to install a pen register and trap and trace device on the phone number associated with the Target Phone and in use by STOCKER.
- 12. In the course of initiating my investigation, I determined where STOCKER lived and his places of business (other than the Aberdeen City Police Department). A search of Washington State Department of Licensing records for STOCKER's name revealed that he was the registered owner of a White 2013 Toyota Tacoma with Washington plate B94174X which was registered to Subject Residence. A search of the subscription information database CLEAR showed several possible addresses for STOCKER, but listed the Subject Residence as a location where utility service had been established in STOCKER's name and listed STOCKER as the owner of Subject Residence in tax records for the County of Gray's Harbor in the 2015 tax year. I also conducted surveillance at Subject Residence. No vehicles were present at the time and a more detailed description can be found in Attachment A.
- 13. CLEAR also listed Coastal Print Works, located at 110 E. Wishkah Street, Aberdeen, Washington, as a business affiliation of STOCKER and listed him as an officer and the registered agent. I conducted surveillance of this location and observed a white Toyota Tacoma Pickup truck with a license plate ending in 174X. I also observed

an adult male in front of the store whom I recognized to be STOCKER from his WA DOL photograph.

- 14. The records obtained from the installation of the pen register and trap and trace device indicated that STOCKER and BOWMAN continued periodic communication with one another. Information obtained pursuant to the order authorizing the pen register and trap and trace device indicted that BOWMAN and STOCKER communicated with one another on 14 occasions.
- 15. A large number of subscriber records obtained pursuant to that order were businesses with which STOCKER associated in the course of operating Coastal Print Works. However there were also a number of records which reflected contact between STOCKER and others. Members of the Task Force were asked to review some of the subscriber records which were obtained through that order. In their review, they identified several individuals who had been in contact with STOCKER that they had come to know through the course of their work with the Task Force and whom they believed had no legitimate purpose to be in contact with a corrections officer employed by a law enforcement agency.
- Department and placed under arrest by members of Task Force based on probable cause for violations of various drug offenses under the Revised Code of Washington. The probable cause had been developed in previous law enforcement operations where Confidential Informants (CI) acting for the Task Force had purchased methamphetamine from BOWMAN. The vehicle driven by BOWMAN was searched by members of the Task Force after obtaining his written consent. During the search, approximately five and a half ounces of methamphetamine was discovered in a bag, along with a pistol.
- 17. After his arrest, BOWMAN was interviewed by members of the Task
  Force, a Special Agent from the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), and myself.
  Prior to interview, Sgt. Strong advised BOWMAN of his rights. BOWMAN signed the
  presented advice of rights form acknowledging that he understood those rights and

wished to speak with the law enforcement officers. In the interview that followed, BOWMAN provided the history of his relationship with STOCKER.

- 18. According to BOWMAN, the two met when BOWMAN was booked into the Aberdeen City Jail in early fall 2015, when BOWMAN served a four-month prison sentence for driving with a suspended license. During the four months, BOWMAN and STOCKER formed a friendship which resulted in STOCKER providing certain favors to BOWMAN. These favors included the following:
- a. During September 2015, Stocker was walking BOWMAN from a court appearance back to the Aberdeen City Jail (ACJ). During the walk, he told BOWMAN that the Task Force was listening to his phone calls and that the other individual currently booked in ACJ was providing the Task Force with information about BOWMAN.
- b. On one occasion, STOCKER told BOWMAN that he could get him out of jail and on a furlough if he faked a heart attack. BOWMAN did fake a heart attack and Stocker did release him on a furlough for the purpose of seeking medical treatment.
- c. During one of the furloughs, BOWMAN called STOCKER and asked if STOCKER had heard anything about him. STOCKER informed him that either the Task Force or members of Washington State Department of Corrections had been asking about him.
- d. While BOWMAN was serving his time at ACJ, STOCKER offered to hold onto some money for him. STOCKER told BOWMAN that he would store the money in a safe until BOWMAN wanted it back. STOCKER also told Bowman that BOWMAN could just throw it in the back of STOCKER'S truck for him to retrieve.
- 19. During the interview, BOWMAN said that he and STOCKER continued their relationship once he had been released from ACJ in January 2016. BOWMAN said he would occasionally call STOCKER just to say hello and talk, and on occasion, STOCKER would call him. During these calls, BOWMAN said he sometimes asked STOCKER if he had heard anything that prisoners or law enforcement was saying about

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him, and STOCKER would tell him, "things he heard in the loop." BOWMAN said that he thinks he requested information like this from STOCKER on five to ten occasions.

- BOWMAN said that on one occasion, in or around March 2016, STOCKER called him and asked that he get a message to McMANUS, which BOWMAN agreed to do. STOCKER told BOWMAN that Informant A was working for the Task Force and planning on doing controlled drug buys from McManus. STOCKER told BOWMAN he wanted BOWMAN to warn McManus so he could avoid selling drugs to Informant A. This information is consistent with what members of the Task Force described during their review of jail calls and their interview with Informant B as described in paragraphs 5 and 6 of this affidavit.
- 21. After being interviewed, I asked BOWMAN if he was willing to call STOCKER and ask him to hold onto money for him. BOWMAN indicated that he was and signed an FBI form FD-472 providing his permission to record that phone call. BOWMAN then contacted STOCKER by calling the phone number associated with the Target Telephone. STOCKER answered the phone and said that he was currently at work. I knew STOCKER to be working at ACJ, as I had previously received his work schedule from the Aberdeen City Police Department. During the phone call, BOWMAN asked STOCKER if he remembered that he had previously offered to hold onto something for him. STOCKER said that he did, and BOWMAN then asked STOCKER if he would be willing to hold onto some money for him. STOCKER agreed and BOWMAN asked how he could get the money to STOCKER. STOCKER said he would need to call him back later. This conversation was captured on two recording devices in use by the FBI.
- 22. Later on the evening of July 8, 2016, STOCKER called BOWMAN from the Target Telephone. At my direction, BOWMAN did not answer the phone call. In subsequent text messages the two agreed to speak a short time later that evening. A short time later BOWMAN called the Target Telephone and STOCKER answered the phone. STOCKER said that he wanted to discuss BOWMAN's request in person, not over the

telephone. STOCKER said that he was still at work but that BOWMAN could stop by
ACJ to discuss the request or wait until STOCKER left work at 11 p.m. that night.
Bowman later informed STOCKER by text message that he would not be able to meet
that night but would get in touch with him again soon.

- 23. On July 11, 2016, members of the Task Force and myself met again with BOWMAN. BOWMAN said STOCKER had tried to call him over the weekend but that he had not answered his phone. BOWMAN agreed to meet with STOCKER in person to discuss STOCKER holding money for BOWMAN and record their meeting.
- 24. That day, BOWMAN met with STOCKER at STOCKER's business, Coastal Print Works. This conversation was recorded by the FBI with the consent of BOWMAN using equipment provided by the FBI and worn on BOWMAN's person. During the conversation, BOWMAN explained to STOCKER that he had been pulled over and arrested on Friday, July 8, 2016. While discussing BOWMAN's traffic stop, a portion of the conversation went as follows:

STOCKER: The day you called me, people were calling looking for you.

BOWMAN: Yeah...

STOCKER: Lots of people, I mean, it's like, "hey you got BOWMAN in custody?" No, why?

25. BOWMAN and STOCKER then discussed a previous incident where BOWMAN was arrested and released without charges. BOWMAN told Stocker that the July 8, 2016 arrest was like an incident last year where he was pulled over and arrested with a woman and then released without any paperwork. Bowman said in that incident, "I had....whatever was in the console, you know what I mean?" The conversation then continued with the following:

STOCKER: So, if you, if you think you're going to be going away?

BOWMAN: Well, I'm thinking something is going to happen, so...

STOCKER: Like I said, I don't want to know. I don't want to know nothing. Just, if you want me to hold something for you, I'll probably do it. I'll put it in my safe

at home. It's safe. And, uh, I mean, I guess I can find out how much time you get through your girl.

**BOWMAN:** Yeah, well yeah, yeah she would know. Right, I mean, yeah yeah she'll know...

26. BOWMAN and STOCKER then discussed whether or not BOWMAN should tell his girlfriend, SPARGO, about the money he would be leaving with STOCKER or not. BOWMAN said that he would not want SPARGO going to STOCKER for money and would not want STOCKER providing the money to anyone without BOWMAN's permission. STOCKER shows concern that his holding the money for BOWMAN could be used against him in the following exchange:

STOCKER: I'm just saying, say for instance you were to want me hold a bunch of money and then she would come to me and say, "Hey. I want a thousand bucks," and I'm like, hmm Fuck you...

BOWMAN: Yeah no

STOCKER: Would it be best just not to even fucking tell her that way that she can't use it against me and go either give me the thousand dollars...

BOWMAN: yeah or I'm gunna fucking...

STOCKER: yeah you see what I'm saying?

BOWMAN: yeah

27. BOWMAN and STOCKER then decided that SPARGO should not know STOCKER is holding the money and go on to further discuss the logistics of how STOCKER will receive and store the money. STOCKER said, "What I could do is, I could take that money, say it is, I'll seal it and it just remains sealed and, I'll ter [sic]... I'll, I'll put it in the safe and...it's gone." The two also discussed what will be done if something happened to STOCKER like getting into a car accident. Bowman tells STOCKER that the amount of money he will hold onto will probably be at least \$10,000, to which STOCKER replied, "That's nothing." STOCKER then said that he has that much money there in his office safe. He then told BOWMAN, "that's my safe," and

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AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD C. SCHROFF - 11

"I've got a safe inside that safe..." They discussed BOWMAN buying a briefcase safe that he could put the money into or a fireproof lockbox.

- After discussing STOCKER's potential to hold money for BOWMAN, BOWMAN asked "you haven't heard anything have you? Anything about, nothing going around the fucking...?" STOCKER said that he has not but it has been busy, "down there." In my training and experience, I believe STOCKER was referencing the Aberdeen Jail. STOCKER said he has been on vacation and has an additional period of vacation coming up but he has not heard anything about BOWMAN. STOCKER then went on to say that the Task Force has been really busy lately doing controlled buys but they do not tell him anything. STOCKER also said there is an informant that meets with a member of the Task Force who parks his/her car in the rear of the Aberdeen Police Station, but STOCKER does not know who the informant is. BOWMAN then says, "I mean, you just gotta assume that everyone is a fucking..." to which STOCKER interrupts by saying, "yeah, you do! You really do. They'll sell you all out."
- BOWMAN and STOCKER continue to make small talk for a brief period of time before beginning to end the conversation as follows:

STOCKER: Yeah so just let me know

BOWMAN: Yeah, yeah, it'll probably be...

STOCKER: ...like I said what I would probably do is you just leave me that and

I'll have the instructions if something happens to me, then it, it goes.

**BOWMAN:** Ok

STOCKER: But

BOWMAN: Yeah...[mumbling]...I mean I'm not just going to bring it in here in

a fucking...yeah just bring it in? Ok

STOCKER: Yeah, call me before you do it

**BOWMAN:** Right

BOWMAN: yeah

STOCKER: Then, ya know, I can...I can put it.

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STOCKER: Then I can put it in there.

BOWMAN: Yeah ok

STOCKER: Just, ya know, whatever...whatever you're going to have in there I don't care. Whatever, I don't really want to know. I mean, if you want me to have the combination or a key to it let me know, and then ya know 'cause if someone needs, if you're gonna...

**BOWMAN:** Yeah

STOCKER: Should there be a reason to take money out of it? Not really?

- 30. The two then briefly discuss the potential for BOWMAN's child to have access to the money, but BOWMAN explains that he will try to set it up so that is not necessary. On the recording, I heard BOWMAN stand and begin walking. There is then some small talk before BOWMAN departs Coastal Print Works. I observed BOWMAN exit Coastal Print Works and depart the area in his vehicle at approximately 5:06pm.
- 31. In my investigation, I obtained and reviewed account information for STOCKER's personal checking and savings accounts as well as the checking and savings accounts for Coastal Print Works. STOCKER has established checking and savings accounts with Twinstar Credit Union which he holds jointly with his wife. In my review of STOCKER's checking account for the months of January through March 2016, the ending account balance ranged from \$2,332 to \$2,828. During that time period, the only large deposits were direct deposits made from the City of Aberdeen for STOCKER's salary and from Cosmopolis Schools, which I believe to be salary payments for STOCKER's spouse. The total per month deposits for these payments was approximately \$6,200. For the months reviewed, there were no checks written to cash, and no large Automated Teller Machine (ATM) withdrawals, and only one significant cash deposit of \$700 in the month of January.
- 32. My review of the checking account for Coastal Print Works for the months of January through March of 2016 showed the following activity:

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Month	Account	Deposits	Withdrawals/Checks	End Balance
January	Saving	\$1,613	\$1,609	\$64
	Checking	\$8,431	\$8,766	\$1,163
February	Saving	\$2,346	\$0	\$2,411
	Checking	\$12,498	\$11,940	\$1,721
March	Saving	\$8,105	\$7,910	\$2,607
	Checking	\$28,566	\$28,111	\$2,175

During this time period, there were no cash withdrawals. No checks were written to cash. There were two significant cash deposits made to the checking account in the month of February 2016 in the amount of \$800 and \$840.

# SUMMARY OF PROBABLE CAUSE

- 33. I believe there is probable cause to search and seize the Target Telephone as the facts set forth in this affidavit show that it has consistently been used by STOCKER to communicate with BOWMAN, whom STOCKER knows to be involved with the distribution of illegal drugs. In their communications, STOCKER has shared privileged law enforcement information with BOWMAN. I believe the purpose of sharing this privileged information is to aid BOWMAN, McMANUS, SPARGO, and likely others in avoiding detection and arrest at the hands of the Task Force or other law enforcement, thus aiding and supporting their illegal drug business as a conspirator. Further, I believe it likely that STOCKER has provided assistance similar to that which he has provided to BOWMAN to others involved participating in the illegal sale of drugs. I believe I will find evidence, as further described in Attachment B to this affidavit, of this activity on the Target Telephone.
- 34. I believe there is probable cause to search for and seize evidence, as further described in Attachment B to this affidavit, from any safe located at Coastal Print Works. In their communications, STOCKER told BOWMAN, whom STOCKER knows to be involved with the distribution of illegal drugs, that he was willing to hold onto a large

amount of money for him. STOCKER also told BOWMAN that he was willing to hold onto anything, but told BOWMAN he did not want to know anything about what he was holding. Based upon the facts set forth above and my training and experience, I believe STOCKER was indicating a willingness to hold narcotics for BOWMAN. Further, STOCKER claimed that he has at least \$10,000 in a safe located at Coastal Print Works. Based on my analysis of Coastal Print Works' and STOCKER's financial accounts which show very little in cash activity, as well as STOCKER's previous communications with BOWMAN, I believe it likely that these safes will contain evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of violations of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) and 846.

35. I believe there is probable cause to search for and seize evidence, as further described in Attachment B to this affidavit, from any safe located at Subject Residence. During their June 11, 2016 meeting, STOCKER told Bowman that, "Just, if you want me to hold something for you, I'll probably do it. I'll put it in my safe at home." Based on this, and the same information presented in the preceding paragraph, I believe it likely that these safes will contain evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of violations of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) and 846.

### CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, I believe there is probable cause that evidence, fruits, and instrumentalities of violations of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) and 846, are located on the Target Telephone, any safe in use by STOCKER located at Coastal Print Works, 110 E. Wishkah Street, Aberdeen, Washington, and in any safe in use by STOCKER located at STOCKER's residence, at 115 Florence Lane, Cosmopolis, Washington, as more fully described in Attachment A to this Affidavit. I therefore request that the court issue a warrant authorizing a search of the Target Telephone, safes in use by STOCKER at Coastal Print Works, and safes in use by STOCKER at STOCKER's residence for the

1	items more fully described in Attachment B hereto, incorporated herein by reference, and
2	the seizure of any such items found therein.
3	Dated this day of July, 2016.
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6	The state of the s
7	Special Agent Richard C. Schroff Federal Bureau of Investigation
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9	
10	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of \( \overline{\infty}_{\infty} \), 2016.
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13	The Honorable J. Richard Creatura
14	United States Magistrate Judge
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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Western District of Washington

In the Matter of the Search of	)			
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)	) Case No. MJ16-5140			
Target Telephone 360-591-1088; Any safe at the Subject Residence; Any safe located at Coastal Print Works. see Attachment A for further details	)			
SEARCH AND SELE	ZURE WARRANT			
To: Any authorized law enforcement officer				
An application by a federal law enforcement officer of the following person or property located in the We (identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its located).	estern District of Washington			
See Attachment A, which is attached hereto and incorporated herei				
	•			
The person or property to be searched, described above property to be seized):	e, is believed to conceal (identify the person or describe the			
Please see Attachment B for items to be seized, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.				
I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property.				
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of	on or before 4-4-5-2, 2016			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of	(not to exceed 14 days)			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of	ne in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m.   at any time established	ne in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been ed.			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m.   at any time established.   Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must get taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the polace where the property was taken.	ne in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been ed.  give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the at during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time established.  Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must getaken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the place where the property was taken.  The officer executing this warrant, or an officer preser inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant. Any U.S. Magistrate Judge in Western Dist. of WA  (name)  I find that immediate notification may have an adverse of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delicated or seized (check the appropriate box)  for	ne in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been ed.  give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the at during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge  e result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay ay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be days (not to exceed 30).			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant of in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time established.  Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must getaken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the place where the property was taken.  The officer executing this warrant, or an officer preser inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant. Any U.S. Magistrate Judge in Western Dist. of WA  (name)  I find that immediate notification may have an adverse of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delicated or seized (check the appropriate box)  for	ne in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been ed.  give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the at during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge  e result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay ay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be			
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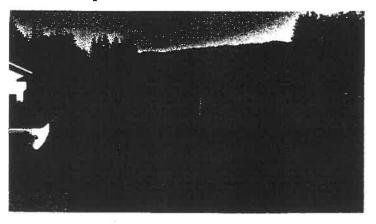
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AO 93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant (Page 2)

Return				
Case No.:	Date and time warrant executed:	Copy of warrant and inventory left with:		
Inventory made in the presence of :				
Inventory of the property taken and name of any person(s) seized:				
	Costification			
Certification				
I declare under penalty of perjury that this inventory is correct and was returned along with the original warrant to the designated judge.				
Date:	<del> </del>	Executing officer's signature		
		Printed name and title		

# ATTACHMENT A LOCATIONS TO BE SEARCHED

- Target Telephone: STOCKER'S cellular telephone which is currently assigned number 360-591-1088, with service provided by Verizon Wireless
- 2) Any safe located at the Subject Residence: 115 Florence Lane Comopolis, WA. The subject residence is more fully described as a single family home painted light brown, with white trim, and dark colored shutters and front door. The number "115" is visible on the front of the structure next to the white garage door. Subject Residence is picture below:



3) Any safe located at Coastal Print Works: 110 E. Wishkah St. Aberdeen, WA. Coastal Print Works is more fully described as a single entry store front business with "Coastal Print Works" posted in the store window, and an orange trimmed logo. The location faces to the Southeast and is located on East Wishkah Street between South I street and South Broadway Street.

# ATTACHMENT B ITEMS TO BE SEIZED

The items to be seized are the following items or materials that may contain evidence of the commission of, the fruits of, or property which has been used as the means of committing federal criminal violations of Title 21, Sections 841(a)(1) and 846:

- 1) Any controlled substances;
- Drug Transaction Records: Documents such as ledgers, receipts, notes, communications, and similar items relating to the acquisition, transportation, and distribution of controlled substances;
- 3) Customer and Supplier Information: Items identifying drug customers and drug suppliers, such as, telephone records, personal address books, correspondence, diaries, calendars, notes with phone numbers and names, "pay/owe sheets" with drug amounts and prices, and similar items;
- 4) Cash and Financial Records: Currency and financial records that show income from drug trafficking, including bank records, safe deposit box records and keys, credit card records, bills, receipts, tax returns, vehicle documents, and similar items; and other records that show income and expenditures, net worth including receipts for personal property, negotiable instruments, bank drafts, cashier's checks, and similar items;
- 5) Photographs: Photographs, video tapes, digital cameras, and similar items depicting the property occupants, suspected buyers or sellers of controlled substances, firearms, controlled substances, drug distribution paraphernalia, and assets derived from the distribution of controlled substances;
- 6) All data included in the memory of the Target Telephone which may tend to show the identity, location, purpose, plan or knowledge of any person, organization or association involved with drug trafficking activities, including, but not limited to, telephone directories, address books, e-mails, text messages,

voice mail, electronic correspondence, evidence of recent mobile phone calls or text messages and other electronic data or records.